



Uscr's Manual

Parameter Setting & High Torque Step Servo BHSS - 750W-PARA



Note:-

Parameter Setting Drive Step servo & motor are matched pair with **BH-**110VAC power supply

Office Address Contact Us Bholanath Precision Engineering Pvt.Ltd.

11,Kembros Industrial Estate,Near Asian Paint Company, Sonapur Lane,Bhandup (West),Mumbai - 400078,India.

FACTORY ADDRESS Plot No - 1, Gut No - 203, Dahagaon, Vasind (West), Wada Link Road, Off Mumbai Nashik Road, Opposite Jindal Steel Factory, Taluka - Shahpur, District - Thane - 421 302, Maharashtra State, India. Phone No : -

+91 - 9821671733 +91 - 9920903825 +91 - 9930514603 +91 - 9323166582

91 - 22 - 25664338 /25662856 / 67993260

Email : support@bholanath.in

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Foreword

Thank you for using our easy servo drive.

Before using this product, be sure to read the manual to learn the necessary safety information, precautions, and operating methods.

Incorrect handling may lead to extremely serious consequences.

Statement

This product is designed and manufactured without the ability to protect personal safety from mechanical system threats. Users are advised to consider safety precautions during use to prevent accidents caused by improper operation or product abnormalities.

Due to product improvements, the contents of this manual are subject to change without notice.

Our company will not be responsible for any modification of the product by the user.

When reading, please pay attention to the following signs in the manual:

Notice: Remind you to pay attention to the main points in the text.

Caution: Indicates that incorrect operation may result in personal injury and equipment damage.



Closed Loop Stepping System which includes High Speed (>2000 RPM)Stepper Motors with Incremental Optical Encoders, Digital Drives and 3 Meter Cable.

SUITABILITY - The BHSS - 750 W Step Servo is comparable to 750 Watts Servo Motor upto 1100 RPM.The Step - Servo Motor BHSS - 750 W gives more torque at lower RPM's thus giving a better performance than 750 Watts Servo Motors as seen in the graph.



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1 Overview

1.1 Product Description

BHSS-750W-PARA (Parameter) belongs to easy servo (servo-stepper) drives. With new generation of 32-bit DSP motor control technology, which completely overcomes the problem of lost step of open-loop stepping motor, BHSS-750W-PARA greatly improves the high and low speed performance and torque utilization rate of stepping motor, and effectively reduces motor heat.

The servo stepper drive system combines the advantages of open-loop stepper and servo control, and is particularly suitable for the upgrade of open-loop stepper drive control and the cost reduction of traditional servo control.

1.2 Feature

- Digital PI current loop, low noise.
- Three operating modes:
 - Self-operating mode: The motor can be triggered by a pulse signal. When the pulse signal optocoupler is turned on, the motor starts self-run according to the parameter setting of PA-45~PA-53; when it is turned off, the motor stops self-running.
 - Open loop mode: for testing and emergency use. The motor temperature rise is higher.
 - Position mode: This mode is the default mode of the drive and is suitable for most occasions. When the driver works in this mode, the motor does not lose step, the temperature is low, and the high and low speed performance are better than the open loop mode.
- The microstep setting can be any number between 400-60000.
- Protection functions such as overcurrent, phase error, overvoltage and position deviation error.
- 6 digital LED display, which can easily set parameters and monitor motor running status.
- Pulse command averaging filter, the filter can turn the curve without acceleration and deceleration into a trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration curve, which greatly smoothes the motion. The trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration curve is filtered to become a smoother S-shaped acceleration/deceleration curve. Especially suitable for point-to-point sports occasions.
- Three types of pulse command: pulse + direction, double pulse(CW/CCW) and quadrature input.

1.3 Application field

Mainly used in robots, industrial robot arms, engraving machines, wire stripping machines, marking machines, cutting machines, plotters, CNC machine tools, automatic assembly equipment and pattern machines.



2 Performance Indicators

2.1 Electrical Characteristics

Paramotor	BHSS-750W-PARA				
Farameter	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit	
Continuous Output	0		65	Λ	
Current	0	-	0.5	A	
Input Supply		110		Vac	
Voltage		110		vac	
Logic Input	7	10	20	m۸	
Current	1	10	20	IIIA	
Logic Input	0	_	200	┢坦코	
Voltage	0	-	200	NI IZ	
Pulse Frequency	500			MΩ	

2.2 Working Environment

Cooling Method	Natural cooling or external heat sink			
Working	Working occasion	Keep away from other heating equipment as far as possible to avoid dust, oil mist, corrosive gas, strong vibration, flammable gas and conductive dust		
Environment	Temperature	0°C-50°C		
	Humidity	40-90%RH		
	Vibration	5.9 m/s ² Max		
Storage	-20°C-+80°C	D°C		
Temperature				
Weight	Around 1000g			



3 Installation

3.1 Installation Size



Installation dimension drawing (unit: mm)

3.2 Installation Method

Install the drive with the upright side installation to create a strong air convection on the surface of the heat sink; if necessary, install a fan near the drive to force heat dissipation to ensure that the drive works within a reliable operating temperature range (The reliable operating temperature of the drive is usually within 60 ° C and the motor operating temperature is within 80 ° C).



4 Port and wiring

4.1 Wiring diagram



Drive wiring diagram



4.2 Port definition

4.2.1 Power input port and motor output port

	No.	Symbol	Name	Definition
	1	AC	Dower input port	Connect 110V/AC
	2	AC	Fower input port	Connect 110V AC
	3	A+		Connect motor Green line
(□) A- (□) B+	4	A-	Motor power port	Connect motor Black line
	5	B+	wotor power port	Connect motor Red line
	6	B-		Connect motor Blue line



Note :

Must use the matching BHOLANATH motor, if the user uses other motor and caused an accident, Bholanath shall not be responsible.

4.2.2 Encoder feedback port

Encoder extension cable provided by Bholanath (please refer to 6.2 Encoder Extension Cable Specifications for reference), connect the encoder extension cable directly to the motor encoder and drive.

4.2.3 Control signal port

(15)

No. Symbol Name Definition 5PU+ 3 Pulse 5V positive input Pulse signal 4 PU-Pulse negative input (input signal) 19 24PU+ Pulse 24V positive input 17 (2)33 67) 63 (8) (24) (39) (40) (41) 67 42 132843

The correspondence definition of each control signal is as follows :

5	5DR+	Direction 5V positive input	Direction signal
6	DR-	Direction negative input	
21	24DR+	Direction 24V positive input	(input signal)
11	5MF+	Enable 5V positive input	Enable signal
12	MF-	Enable negative input	(input signal)
27	24MF+	Enable 24V positive input	(input signal)
13	5CLR A+	Deviation clear 5V positive	
15		input	Deviation clear
14	CLR A-	Deviation clear negative	signal
14		input	(input signal)
29	24CLR A+	Deviation clear 24V positive	(input signar)
20		input	
q	PEND+	In-position signal positive	
0		output	In-position signal
10	PEND-	In-position signal negative	(output signal)
10		output	
7	ALM+	Alarm signal positive output	Alarm signal
8	ALM-	Alarm signal negative output	(output signal)
41	S-OFF+	Motor brake control signal	Motor brake
		positive output	control signal
42	S-OFF-	Motor brake control signal	(output signal)
12	0 011	negative output	(output oighai)
16	A+	Encoder A channel positive	Encoder pulse
		outputting	differential (output
31	A-	Encoder A channel negative	signal)



			outputting	
	40 5.	Encoder B channel positive		
	10	DT	outputting	
	22	Р	Encoder B channel negative	
	32	D-	outputting	
	24	7+	Encoder Z channel positive	
	34		outputting	
	25		Encoder Z channel negative	
	30 2-	outputting		
				Encoder Z
	39 PZOut	Freeder 7 sharred	Encoder 7 channel	channel
		PZOut single ended output		single-ended
			Single-ended Output	output (output
				signal)

In order to avoid some wrong actions and deviations, PU, DR and MF should meet certain requirements, as shown in the following figure:



4.2.4 Status Indicator

PARA has a 6-digit LED to display the status. When the drive fails, the drive will stop and show corresponding fault code; the drive will save the latest fault in the EEPROM of the drive according to the queue form, and the drive can save up to 10 latest history failure.

4.2.5 Button X4

There are four touch buttons on the PARA button display panel to implement the functions of up, down, shift/cancel and confirm. For details, see Chapter 5: Menu Operation.



5 Menu Operation

5.1 Operation interface

There are four touch buttons on the PARA button display panel to achieve up, down, shift/cancel and confirm functions. As shown below:



The table below shows the function of each button:

Buttons	Name	Function				
\sim		Switch up in the menus at the same level or				
	up page	increase parameter value				
	down pago	Switch down in the menus at the same level or				
\sim	down page	decrease parameter value				
2	shifting	ng Short press this key to shift in parameter set				
	aanaal	Long press this key to return to the previous menu				
or cancel the operation						
5	confirm	Enter the next menu or to confirm the operation				

5.2 Menu introduction

V

Sr -

 $\langle \land \rangle$



	\bigtriangledown	EE-	\diamond	
\bigcirc	PA -	\diamond		
dP -	$\langle \rangle$			

5.2.1 System monitor menu items dP-

dP-: Under this menu, ther're total 12 second-level items, you can monitor 11

system State. Under the first-level menu, press \bigcirc and \bigcirc to select dP-menu item.

And then press it to enter dP- menu secondary menu. Secondary menu as shown in the following table:

Level 1 menu	Level 2 menu	Meaning	Remark
	dP – SPd	Motor real time speed (r/min)	
	dP – SPr	Given speed (r/min)	
		Current position low 4 bit (Encoder	
	ur – rus	pulse number)	
		Current position high 4 bit	
	ur - rus.	(Encoder pulse number)	
	dP CPo	Position command low 4 bit	
		(Command pulse number)	
		Position command high 4 bit	
	ur – Cro.	(Command pulse number)	
	dP – EPo	Position deviation low 4 bit	
		(Encoder pulse number)	
	dP – EPo.	Position deviation high 4 bit	
dP -		(Encoder pulse number)	
ui -	dP – I	Motor current (mA)	
	dP – bUS	Drive internal bus voltage (V)	
			00——No error
			01——Memory read
			error
			02——Overvoltage
			protection
	dP _ Err	Error code	04——Encoder failure
			05—Overcurrent
			protection
			07——Position
			tolerance protection
			08——Motor wiring
			wrong phase



	dP – VEr	Software Version			
After entering the secondary menu, by press and I to select the item that					
you want to	view the status	, and then press the 🥘 button	, the display shows the		
status value	. If you want to ex	kit, press 💟 .			
5.2.2Param	eter setting men	u PA-			
PA- Me	enu has 100 s	econd-level menu item, each se	econd-level menu item		
corresponds	to a system para	ameter. By press 🙆 and 🖾to s	select the parameter that		
you want to	set, then press	U to enter parameter setup inter	ace.		
In the p	rocess of setting	parameters, short press 🚺 to s	shift, by press 🙆 and		
∕⊘ _{to mod}	ify the value. the	values displayed will not be applie	d immediately, only after		
the user pre	ess 🕑 button, t	he values displayed are effectively	applied to system. When		
you need to	o exit the parame	ter setting, please long press 🚺			



※ PA-common parameters list:

No.	Name	Function	Default	Range
PA-2	Operation mode selection	0: Self-running (Triggered by pulse signal. When the pulse signal is turned on, the motor starts to run according to the parameter settings of PA-45 ~ PA-53; when it is off, the motor stops running)	2	0~3
		1: Open loop mode (run without encoder line)		
		2: Servo mode 0		
		3: Servo mode 1		
PA-4	Positional accuracy		2	1~65535 encoder pulses
PA-6	Electronic gear ratio numerator		4000	1~65535
PA-7	Electronic gear ratio denominator (pulse per round)	When PA-6 is set to 4000, PA-7 value is equivalent to the number of pulses required for one round of the stepper motor (microstep).	1600	1~60000
PA-8	Encoder resolution		4000	4000
PA-9	Tracking error alarm threshold	This value can be changed based on actual need	5000	0~65535 encoder pulses
PA-10	Current loop Kp		1817	0~65535
PA-11	Current loop Ki		50	0~65535
PA-12	Current loop Kc		256	0~65535
PA-13	Alarm clear signal (CLR-A) function selection	 CLR-A to clear deviation alarm; CLR-A to change the direction of the motor rotation 	0	0/1
PA-14	Enable (MF) function setting	 MF is used as a general motor release signal MF as a pulse blocking function 	1	0/1
PA-15	Enable (MF) level selection	 The default set is: the driver respond to pulse command when MF is not connected Respond to pulse command need 5V MF signal 	0	0/1
PA-16	Alarm signal (ALM)	1 Alarm output ALM normally	1	0/1

	output level	open		
	selection	0 Alarm output ALM normally close		
		0 Pulse + direction mode		
PA-17	Single and double	1 Double pulse mode	0	0/1/2
		2 Orthogonal input		
PA-18	Pulse valid edge selection	 0 Respond to the pulse when optocoupler turn from off to on. 1 Respond to the pulse 	0	0/1
		when optocoupler turn from on to off.		
DA 10	Motor rotation	0 Counterclockwise	1	0/1
PA-19	direction selection	1 Clockwise	I	0/1
PA-20	Pulse width filter	Filter pulse signal glitches	10	1~128
PA-21	In-position signal (PEND) mode selection	 When the position deviation is less than the number of encoder pulses set by PA-23, it is in position. No position command, when the position deviation is less than the number of encoder pulses set by PA-23, it is in position. No position command, and the position deviation is less than the number of encoder pulses set by PA-23, output in-position signal until the time set in PA-24 (in-position hold time in milliseconds) is passed. After the holding time of the in-position signl, the status is determined by the position command at that time and the status of the position deviation. 	1	0~2
PA-22	In-position signal (PEND) level selection	0 PEND turns on when in position1 PEND turns off when in position	0	0/1
PA-23	Positioning end range	To set the in-position pulse range in controlled position. For details, refer to PA-21.	5	0~65535 encoder pulses
PA-24	In-position signal	In-position signal holding time, unit is ms, refer to PA-21 for	10	0~65535



	holding time	details.		
PA-25	Pulse command microstep enable	0 microstep enable 1 microstep disable	1	1
PA-28	Pulse command filtering	Filter time = (PA-28) * 50us. This filter can change no acceleration and deceleration curve into a trapezoidal acceleration and deceleration curve, greatly smooth movement. And change trapezoidal acceleration and deceleration curve into a smoother S-shaped acceleration and deceleration curve. Particularly suitable for point to point occasions.	30	1~2048
PA-45	Start speed		50	0~65535Hz
PA-46	Acceleration time		50	0~65535ms
PA-47	Deceleration time		50	0~65535ms
PA-48	Target speed		1600	0~65535 Hz
PA-49	Running pulse number (high 2 bytes)	The motor rotates according to the parameters of PA-45 to	0	0~20000
PA-50	Running pulse number (low 2 bytes)	mode is self-running or when the Sr-ON (internal test) menu is executed.	1600	0~65535 pulse
PA-51	Intermittent time		100	0~65535ms
PA-52	Repeat time		10	0~65535 times
PA-53	Whether to run back and forth		0	0/1
PA-56	Open loop current percentage		100	0~100
PA-57	Closed-loop base current percentage		60	0~100
PA-58	Closed loop maximum current percentage		100	0~100
PA-60	Position error proportional coefficient		1024	0~65535
PA-61	Speed error proportional coefficient		0	0~65535



PA-62	Speed feed forward coefficient		0	0~65535
PA-63	Vibration damp coefficient		512	0~65535
PA-64	Integral coefficient	In the point to point movement occasions, if there's need for high positioning accuracy, please increase this value, increase it by 10 for each time.	0	0~65535



5.2.3 Parameter management menu EE-

EE- Menu has 6 second-level menu item, as shown in the following table:

Level 1 menu	el 1 menu Level 2 Function				
	menu				
		Write parameters, it would write parameters from drive			
	EE-SEt	memory to EEPROM parameter area. If you do not do this,			
		the drive will restore to previous value after re-power.			
		Parameters read, read EEPROM parameter data into			
	EE-ra	memory.			
		Parameter backup, write parameters from drive memory to			
EE-	EE-DA	EEPROM backup area.			
(Parameters	FF -0	Restore the backup to memory. This operation does not			
Management)		write parameter to EEPROM parameter area. If users want			
	EE-IS	to permanently use EEPROM backup zone data, you need			
		to perform write operation (EE-SEt).			
	EE-dEF	Restore the default value of the parameter, it resets all			
		parameters to the default values are read into memory and			
		write to EEPROM.			
	EE-ACL	Clearing the history fault			

To save parameters, you need to do the following:

- Find level 1 menu of EE-
- Enter to the level 2 menu of EE-SET
- Long press button, StArt will be displayed on the screen. About 3 seconds later, appears FInISH, which represent the parameters successfully saved.



5.2.4 Internal test menu item Sr-

Level 1 menu	Level 2	Function		
men				
Sr- (Internal test)	Sr-On	The internal test starts and the motor starts running at the speed set by PA-45~PA-53.		
	Sr-Off	The internal test ends and the motor stops running.		

5.2.5 History fault display dE-

To view the latest 10 history of faults saved in drive EEPROM:

Level 1 menu	Level 2	Function		
	menu			
	dE-1			
	dE-2			
	dE-3			
	dE-4	Displays the latest fault code in dE-01; Displays the		
dE-	dE-5			
(History fault check)	dE-6			
	dE-7			
	dE-8			
	dE-9			
	dE-10			



6 Encoder Cable Specifications

The encoder cable is used to connect the motor encoder and drive. The figure below shows the encoder cable size drawing. The standard encoder cable length is 2m, and other specifications such as 3m, 4m, 5m, 8m, 9m, 10m, 12m, 14m are available.



Encoder Wiring

1	Red	EA+
2	Green	EA-
3	Brown	EB+
4	Yellow	EB-
5	White	+5VCC
6	Black	EGND



7 Common faults and handling



- The drive and motor must be powered off for at least 5 minutes before touching the drive and motor to prevent electric shock and burns.
- After the drive fault alarm, it must be eliminated according to the alarm code before it can be put into use again.

7.1 Troubleshooting





7.2 Fault analysis and solution

Error code	Error name	Causes	Solution	
Err-2	Overvoltage protection	 The driver power input voltage exceeds the specified value. The regenerative energy is too large when the drive is braked. Drive failure (loop failure) 	 Use correct voltage Increase the acceleration / deceleration time, reduce load or increase the value of PA-28. Replace a new drive 	
Err-5	Overcurrent protection	 Motor current line A+, A-, B+, B- short circuit. Drive failure (loop, fail parts). Motor burned out. 	 Check if the motor current line is short-circuited, and if there is a burr on the line. Connect the current lines correctly. Replace a new drive Replace a new motor 	
Err-8	Motor phase wiring connection wrong protection	 Motor current line A+, A-, B+, B- line sequence error. Motor current line A+, A-, B+, B- short circuit. 	 Verify that the motor current line is properly connected as required. Check if the motor current line is shorted. 	
Err-4	Encoder error	 Encoder feedback interface is loose, off-line, disconnected, shorted. The motor components are damaged. Drive failure. 	 Check that the encoder feedback cable is correct and connected reliably. Replace a new motor Replace a new drive. 	
Err-7	Tracking tolerance error protection	 Motor current line A+, A-, B+, B- is not reliably connected, or the line sequence is wrong. The load is too large, the acceleration/deceleration time is too short, or the motor selection is not suitable. The motor has an electromagnetic brake and the electromagnetic brake is not opened as required. The motor has an electromagnetic brake but 	 Verify that the motor current line is correctly and reliably connected as required. Increase the value of PA-9 appropriately without affecting the processing requirements of the equipment. Properly extend the acceleration and deceleration time to reduce the load and reduce the speed. Check that the motor 	



			the closing and opening of the brake is not controlled by		electromagnetic brake working circuit is correct.
			the S-OFF signal of the	5	Control the motor brake
			drive.		via the S-OFF+, S-OFF-
					drive
					Execute EE-dEE to restore
		1	The drive is powered off	Ū	the factory defaults of the
			before parameter save		drive and eliminate the
	Drive		completed.		fault.
Err-1	memory	2	The data in the drive	2	Execute EE-dEF to restore
	read error		parameter save area is		the factory defaults of the
			damaged.		drive and eliminate the
		3	Drive failure.		fault.
				3	Replace a new drive.